

ANNEX A

TECHNICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS OF IMPLEMENTATION

Country: Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)
Project: Asian Aquaculture Development and Coordination
Programme
Accounting number: NA/79- 17/C-2

CHAPTER I - OBJECT OF PROJECT

1.1. Project objectives

The study is intended to help increase rural aquaculture production and thus improve nutrition in the ASEAN countries (Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand) by indicating how these countries might best :

- utilize and coordinate existing capabilities in the field of applied aquaculture research ;
- accelerate the introduction of existing and new technologies for the production of cheap protein through rural aquaculture ;
- expand and coordinate existing training and extension services in the field of rural aquaculture.

Specific project proposals arising from this study may be considered for finance under future n.a. LDCs programmes.

2.2. Total cost and type of financing

The total cost of the study has been estimated at 0.3 M EUA (excluding counterpart contribution). EEC will provide a grant of this amount for the purposes of the study.

CHAPTER II - ANALYSIS OF PROJECT

2.1. Content of project

Aquaculture in ASEAN already accounts for a significant part of total fisheries production in Indonesia, the Philippines and Thailand, and has considerable potential in Malaysia and Singapore. In rural areas, where over-population and malnutrition are frequent, farmed fish or shellfish are often the only significant source of animal protein.

So far, however, the development of aquaculture in ASEAN has been relatively slow, due mainly to a lack of appropriate management and husbandry skills in existing extension services. Further, there is a lack of communication between research and extension services and the farmers.

The development of rural aquaculture production is a major priority for the ASEAN governments, and the present study will give them an opportunity to plan an integrated development scheme for the region as a whole.

The study will assess the applied research, training and extension services requirements of rural aquaculture in the ASEAN countries.

The study should assess the present and future potential of rural aquaculture in fresh water, brackish water and marine areas and how training and extension services can help to expand farmed finfish and shellfish production to feed the poor majority, and create employment in the rural aquaculture sector.

The study will be executed at intermittent periods over one year by a multi-disciplinary team of aquaculture experts consisting of an aquaculture biologist (team-leader), an engineer and an economist, plus other specialized consultants.

Where appropriate, and within the framework of the objectives outlined above, the study should take account of the content and requirements of the Aquaculture Development and Coordination Programme recently formulated by ASEAN.

2.2. Estimates and financing

The total cost of the study has been estimated at 0.3 M EUA, not including the cost of facilities and counterpart services to be supplied by the ASEAN Governments.

EEC will be the sole source of external aid for this project.

2.3. Methods of implementation

The technical cooperation contracts shall be drawn up, negotiated and concluded by the Commission after agreement of the ASEAN Authority laid down in paragraph 2.4 on the terms of reference and choice of consultants.

2.4. Organization responsible for project implementation

The organization responsible for project implementation is the ASEAN Committee on Food, Agriculture and Forestry (COFAP), or such other organization as this committee may appoint.

ANNEX B

ARBITRATION

- A. Any dispute between the parties to the Agreement which is not settled by applying the procedures laid down in Article 19 of the Agreement, shall be submitted to arbitration by an Arbitral Tribunal as hereinafter provided.
- B. The parties to such arbitration shall be THE RECIPIENT on the one side and THE COMMISSION on the other side.

The Arbitral Tribunal shall consist of three arbitrators appointed as follows:

- one arbitrator shall be appointed by THE RECIPIENT;
- a second arbitrator shall be appointed by THE COMMISSION;
- the third arbitrator (hereinafter sometimes called "THE UMPIRE") shall be appointed by agreement of the parties or, if they shall not agree, by the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

If either side fail to appoint an arbitrator, such arbitrator shall be appointed by THE UMPIRE.

Should any arbitrator appointed in accordance with this section resign, die or become unable to act, another arbitrator shall be appointed in the same manner as the arbitrator whose place he takes; such successor shall have all the powers and duties of the original arbitrator.